

### CLIMATE & ECONOMIC DEVELOPMENT PROJECT SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA



# Climate & Economic Development Project

Transportation System and Investment (TSI)
Technical Work Group (TWG)

Teleconference #1

September 29, 2010

Southern California Association of Governments

The Center for Climate Strategies

http://cedp.scag.ca.gov

### Agenda

- Welcome and Roll Call
- Purpose and Goals of PSC and TSI TWG Meeting #1
- Update on regional goal setting by SCAG
- Background and Review of the PSC and TWG process and resources, including role of the TSI TWG
- Review and discussion of the TSI Catalog of Potential Actions
- Review and discussion of the Inventory and Forecast Report
- Next Steps for the TWG
- Agenda, Date and Time for Next Meetings
- Public Comments
- Announcements
- Adjourn

### **OVERVIEW**

### **CEDP:** Goals

Create cost-effective and equitable strategies for:

- Economic development
- Pollution reduction
- Housing and transportation planning
- Economically viable and livable communities
- Energy, Commerce, and Resource management

All yielding a regional strategy that will also reduce GHG's.

#### CEDP: Overview

- AB 32 and SB 375 establish goals, new standards, programs and partnerships for California's GHG emissions.
- SB 375 gives organizations such as SCAG the responsibility to work with local jurisdictions to develop a regional strategy for reducing GHG. AB 32 requires regional and local actions as well.
- SCAG wants to work with partner agencies, local business leaders, and technical experts from the region to identify a range of options to meet the region's needs
- A major part of the effort is the Project Stakeholders Committee citizens representing diverse local and regional perspectives from business; industry; the building/ construction, housing, and commercial real estate sectors; transportation interests; environmental groups; government; and academia.

### REGIONAL GOALS UPDATE

## Regional Goal Setting

ARB approved GHG reduction target for the SCAG Region

(September 23, 2010)

2020 Target – 8%

2035 Target – 13%\*

\*2035 target conditioned on discussions with SCAG

### PROCESS AND WORK PLAN

## Stepwise Planning Process

- 1. Get organized
- 2. Review and refine inventory & forecast of emissions
- 3. Identify a full range of possible actions
- 4. Identify initial priorities for analysis
- 5. Develop straw policy design proposals
- 6. Quantify initial GHG reductions and costs/savings
- 7. Fully develop policy option templates, including externalities, feasibility issues, environmental justice concerns, etc.
- 8. Develop alternatives to address barriers as needed
- 9. Aggregate and integrate results
- 10. Finalize recommendations

## **Building Consensus**

- Deliberative democracy applied to governance
  - Comprehensive
  - Stepwise
  - Fact based
  - Transparent
  - Inclusive
  - Collaborative
  - Consensus driven



### Ground Rules

- Supportive of the process
- Best effort, good faith
- Attendance at meetings
- Equal footing
- Stay current with information
- No backsliding
- Do not represent the PSC or TWG
- Make objective and timely contributions



## Fact Finding

- Preliminary fact finding
  - Inventory and forecast of GHG emissions
  - Inventory of regional actions, studies
  - Catalog of potential new actions
- Joint fact finding and policy development
  - Baselines: Regional, sector and policy specific inventory and forecast of GHG emissions
  - Policy Development: Priorities for analysis, policy description,
     policy design specifications, implementation mechanisms,
     alternative solutions, GHG reduction potential, cost effectiveness

## Technical and Policy Decisions

#### Policy Choices

- Which policy options
- How they are designed
- How they are implemented

#### • Analysis Choices

- Which data sources
- Which key assumptions
- Which analytical methods
- Role and value of co-benefits



### **Decision Criteria**

- GHG Reduction Potential (MMTCO2e)
- Direct or Microeconomic Impacts (Cost or Cost Saved Per Ton GHG Removed)
- Indirect or Macroeconomic Impacts (employment, income, prices, economic growth, market share)
- Distributional Impacts (entity size, socio economic status, location)
- Externalities (co-benefits and costs, such as energy and environmental improvements
- Feasibility Issues

### Transparency



- Policy Selection & Design
  - Options, timing, goals, coverage, implementation tools
- Technical analysis
  - Data sources
  - Quantification methods
  - Key assumptions
  - Uncertainties

# End Product: Plan of Action, Final Report

http://cedp.scag.ca.gov

#### **Front Matter**

- Executive Summary
- Background, Purpose And Goals
- Emissions Inventory & Forecast
- PSC Recommendations & Results
  - SB 375
    - Transportation & Land Use, Systems Management, Demand Management, Infrastructure and Investment
  - AB 32
    - Other Sectors: Agriculture, Forestry, Waste Management; Energy Supply; Residential, Commercial, Industrial; Cross-Cutting Issues

#### **Appendices**

- PSC, TWG, TAP and TRC members
- Principles and Guidelines
- TWG Policy Option Results
- TWG Methodology Guidelines
- TWG Policy Option Templates
  - Transportation & Land Use, Systems Management, Demand Management, Infrastructure and Investment
  - Other Sectors: Agriculture, Forestry, Waste Management; Energy Supply; Residential, Commercial, Industrial; Cross-Cutting Issues
- Study References

# Step 1: Get Organized

- Review process and timelines
- Review preliminary fact finding
  - Inventory and forecast
  - Analysis of recent actions
- Plan next steps

## Technical Work Group Roles

Make recommendations to the PSC based upon mitigation and adaptation technologies, practices and policies as identified by the PSC:

- Identify full range of potential actions
- Identify suggested priorities for analysis
- Suggest straw policy designs
- Assist with analysis, development, and review of options
- Assist with development of policy alternatives
- Review and assist with the state GHG inventory and forecast

## Technical Work Groups

- Transportation System and Infrastructure (TSI)
- Transportation and Land Use (TLU)
- Energy, Commerce and Resources (ECR)

### TWG Sectors

Transportation System & Infrastructure

Transportation & Land Use

Energy, Commerce & Resources

# Step 2: Review and Refine Inventory and Forecast

- Scope of coverage
- Data sources
- Methods
- Assumptions



# Step 3: Expand the Catalog of State Actions

- Over 300 actions taken by US states
  - Existing, planned and proposed state level actions
  - Wide variety of US states
  - All sectors
  - Wide variety of implementation mechanisms
  - Will include key SCAG region actions
- TWGs will propose new potential actions
  - Starting place for identification of priorities for analysis

# Step 4: Identify Initial Priorities for Analysis

Option No.	GHG Reduction Policy Option	Potential GHG Emissions Reduction	Cost per Ton	Other Considerations: Jobs, Env. Justice, Externalities, Feasibility	Priority for Analysis	Notes / Related Actions in NY
AFW-1	AGRICULTURE – PRODUC	TION OF EN	IERGY AND MA	TERIALS		
	Expanded Use of Biomass Feedstocks for Electricity,					
	Heat, or Steam Production					
	In-state Liquid Biofuels Production					
	Manure Digesters/Other Waste Energy Utilization					
	Improving Energy Capture from Biomass Heat					
	Expand Use of Bio-based Materials					

• PSC identifies about 50 initial potential options for further analysis and development.

# Step 5: Craft Straw Policy Design Proposals

- TWGs propose initial policy option design ("straw proposals") with key parameters of analysis
  - Timing
  - Goals
  - Coverage
- CCS works with TWGs to set up quantification
- Options are quantified and fleshed out for review and revision by the PSC
- PSC revisits list of potential priorities, as needed

# Step 6: Prepare First Round of Quantification

- CCS prepares quantification memo, specific options for analysis of draft actions
  - US EPA Economic Guidelines, other standard references applied to climate actions
- Quantification includes:
  - GHG reduction potential (mitigation)
  - Risk reduction potential (adaptation)
  - Cost per ton of GHG removed/adaptive risk reduced
  - Direct cost/cost savings of action
- Aggregate/Integrative impacts

# Step 7: Develop Full Policy Option Template

- Policy Description (Concept)
- Policy Design (Goals, Timing, Coverage)
- Potential Implementation Methods
- Related Programs and Policies (BAU)
- Quantification of costs, results
  - Data Sources, Methods and Assumptions
  - Key Uncertainties
- Externalities, as Needed
- Feasibility Issues, as Needed
- Level of Group Support
- Barriers to Consensus, if any

# Step 8: Identify Alternatives to Resolve Conflicts

- Clarification, expanded information or modifications:
  - Policy design (goals, timing, coverage)
  - Implementation methods
  - Modifications to analysis (data sources, methods, assumptions)
  - List of options

# Step 9: Conduct Aggregate Analysis and Relate to Goal

- Integrate measures within TWGs
- Integrate measures across TWGs
- Remove double counting
- Assess supply and demand interactions
- Assess other interactions, externalities, if/as needed
- Assess needs for margin of safety, etc.
- Evaluate effectiveness at meeting the goal

# Policy Action Portfolio

Sector	Codes and Standards	Targeted Funding	Technical Assistanc e	Price Mechanisms	Agreements	Disclosure	Information and Educations
Agriculture	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Forestry	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Waste	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Transportation	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Heat & Power Supply	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Residential, Commercial, Industrial Energy Use	?	?	?	?	?	?	?
Full Economy	?	?	?	?	?	?	?

## Step 10: PSC Develops Final Report

The PSC will organize their recommendations based upon the work of the TWGs into a draft report.

After taking public comment and holding two public meetings to gather comments, the PSC will issue a final report.



### **CATALOG OF ACTIONS**

## Catalog of Actions

- Starting place for identification of PSC priorities
- Over 440 actions listed by sector
- Existing, planned and proposed regional actions
- All sectors covered with emphasis on transportation
- Wide variety of implementation mechanisms possible
- PSC/TWGs will add new potential actions

### Sources for Additions to SCAG Transportation Catalogs

#### **SCAG Official Documents**

- SCAG RCP Energy Plan
- SCAG RTP Transportation Strategy
- SCAG TDM Appendix
- SCAG Advisory Land Use Elements

### Western States Climate Action Plans, including:

- California
- Montana
- New Mexico
- Arizona
- Washington
- Colorado

### Sources for Additions to SCAG Transportation Catalogs

#### **Sustainability Plans:**

- -Burbank
- -Claremont
- -Long Beach
- -Santa Monica

#### **Climate Action Plans:**

- -Riverside
- -Laguna Beach
- -Los Angeles
- -Sacramento

#### **Green Plans:**

- -Manhattan Beach
- -Pasadena
- -Riverside
- -San Bernardino

## Discussion of TSI Catalog

- See "Catalog" and "Brief Descriptions" documents
  - posted on website

## Updating the TSI Catalogs

- The TSI and TSI Catalogs have been updated using the report titled "Quantifying Greenhouse Gas Mitigation Measures" which was released by CAPCOA (California Air Pollution Control Officers Association) earlier this year
- This report contains model greenhouse gas reduction policies prepared by CAPCOA for the inclusion in General Plans
- More than 50 additional policies focused on land use, transportation and infrastructure management have been added to the catalogs

### Main TSI Categories from the CAPCOA Report

Bike and Transit Pedestrian Infrastructure Infrastructure Transit Transit System Demand Management Management Pricing Freight Incentives Movement

# DRAFT INVENTORY AND FORECAST

### Inventory Approach

- Standard California Air Resources Board (ARB), US Environmental Protection Agency (US EPA), and Intergovernmental Panel on Climate Change (IPCC) methodologies, guidelines, and tools
- Emphasis on transparency, consistency, and significance
- Preference for county-level or SCAG regional data, where available
- ARB inventory data scaled to SCAG where regional data not available

### Projection Approach

- Reference case—Recent Actions
  - Actions included in SCAG's projections of population, employment, and vehicle miles traveled (VMT) for 2012 Regional Transportation Plan (RTP) projection would be accounted for in analysis
  - Reductions from Pavley I vehicle standards and the Low Carbon Fuel Standard specifically accounted for in onroad baseline emissions
  - Electricity production baseline follows ARB 20% RPS scenario

## Projection Approach

- Growth assumptions from existing sources
  - SCAG population and employment forecasts
  - ARB 2020 GHG projections
  - US Census Bureau
  - US Energy Information Administration (EIA)

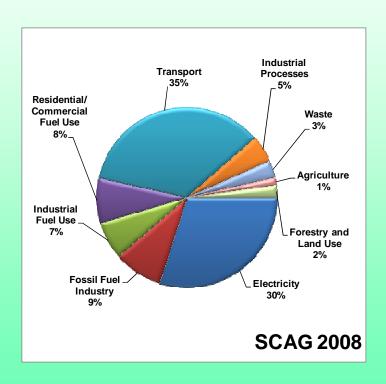
### Coverage

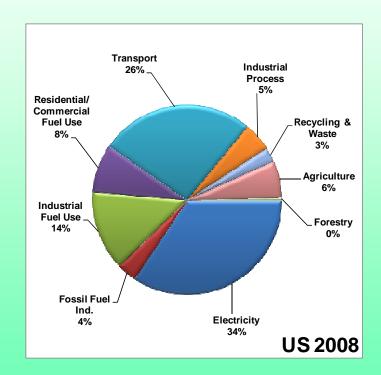
- Six gases per USEPA and UNFCCC guidelines
  - Carbon Dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>), Methane (CH<sub>4</sub>), Nitrous Oxide (N<sub>2</sub>O,
     Hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs), Perfluorocarbons (PFCs), Sulfur Hexafluoride (SF<sub>6</sub>)
- All major emitting sectors
  - Transportation (onroad and nonroad)
  - Electricity Supply & Demand
  - Residential, Commercial, Industrial (RCI) Fuel Use and Non-fuel Use Processes
  - Natural gas pipeline transmission & distribution
  - Agriculture, Forestry, and Waste
- Emissions expressed as CO<sub>2</sub> equivalent
  - 100-year global warming potentials
    - $CO_2 = 1$ ;  $CH_4 = 21$ ;  $N_2O = 310$ ; HFC-23 = 11,700; SF6 = 23,900

### **Key Points**

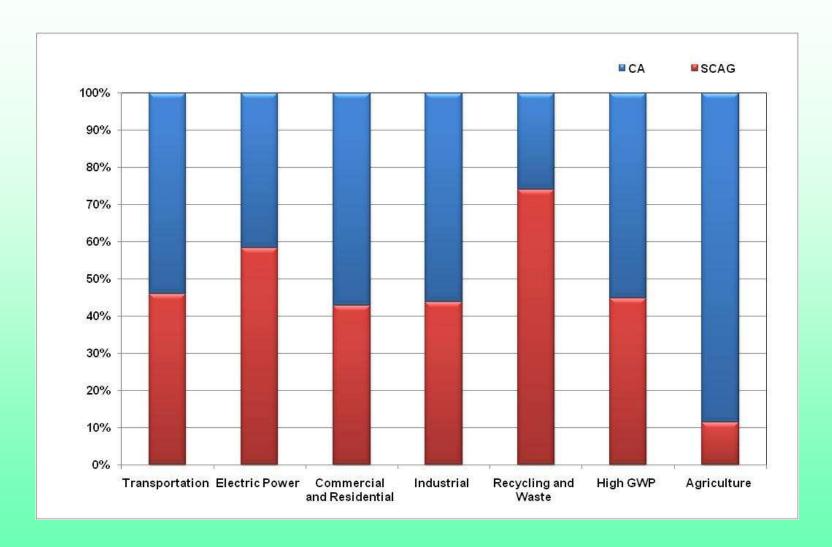
- Preliminary draft for SCAG, PSC, and TWG review and revision, as needed
- Helpful for diagnosis of GHG emissions, but not a baseline for modeling or compliance for individual options
- Consumption and Production methods
  - Consumption for all sectors
  - Production and consumption for electricity generation
  - Very simplified approach, used for initial analysis
- Gross and Net methods

## SCAG & US Emissions By Sector – Year 2008

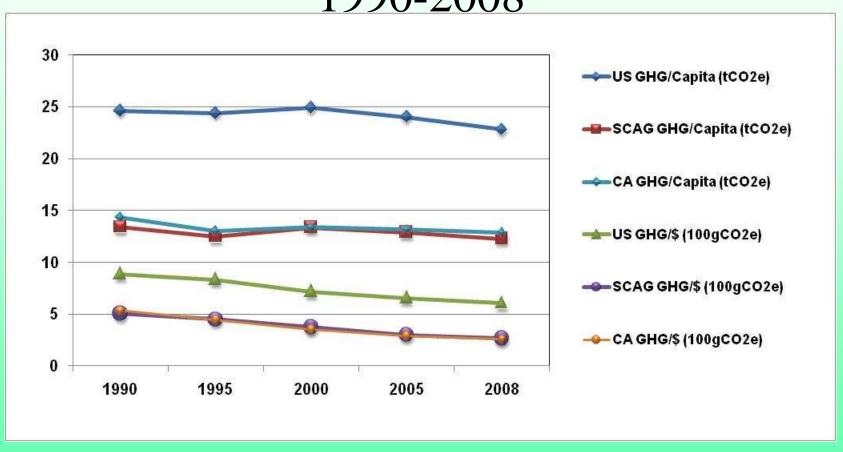




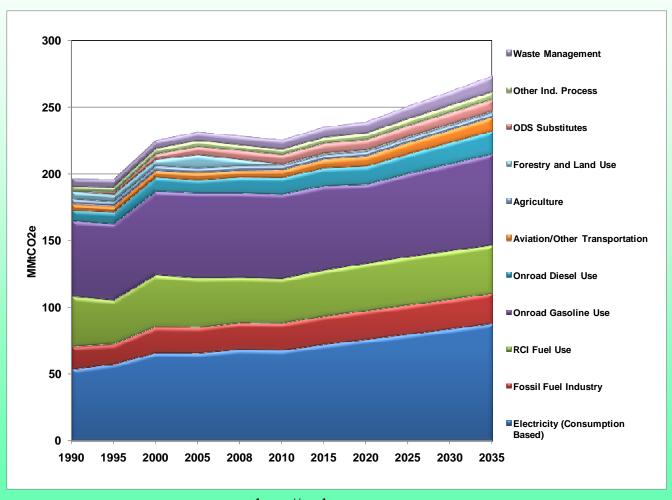
#### SCAG's Contribution to CA Emissions: 2008



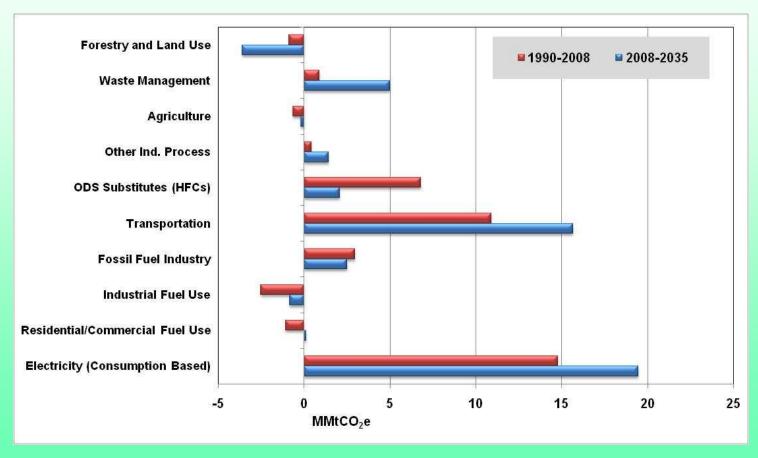
### Per Capita and GSP/GDP GHG Emissions: SCAG, CA, and US 1990-2008



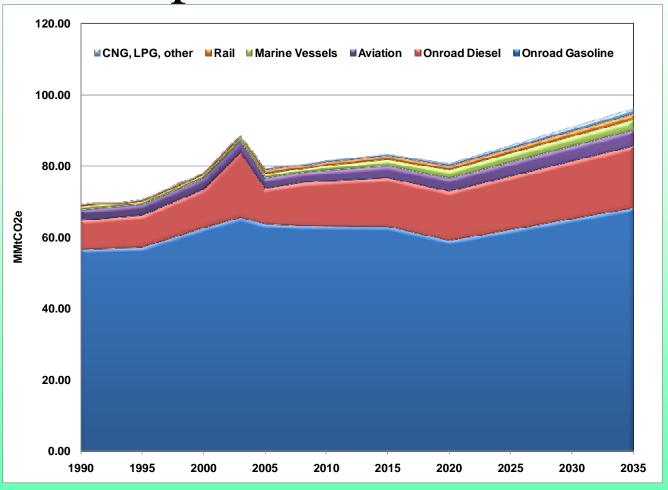
### Gross SCAG GHG Emissions by Sector, 1990-2035



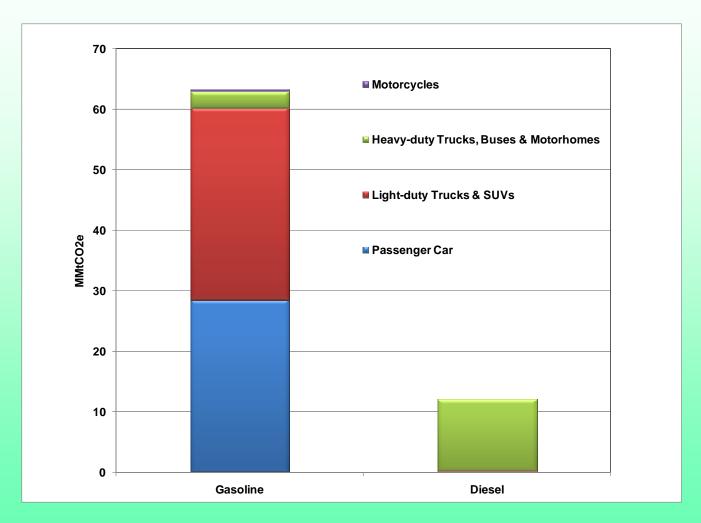
# SCAG Emissions Growth (MMtCO<sub>2</sub>e Basis)



## Transportation Emissions



#### 2008 On-road Gasoline and Diesel



# Comments / Questions on Draft I&F from PSC Meeting #1

- Is the new fuel efficiency standard for diesel included in the draft I&F?
- Why do the transportation sector emission projections seem larger than the expected population increase?
- Are bio-fuels estimated based on direct emissions or life-cycle emissions?
- Are there limitations associated with using state-level fuel consumption data to adjust EMFAC model outputs for the SCAG region?
- What is the level of detail at which the emissions were prepared for diesel buses, electricity used for rail transportation, and to support assessment of policies in general for the movement of goods?
- Can we break out emissions associated with goods movement from other types of transportation source emissions?

### **NEXT STEPS**

## Next Steps for TSI Technical Work Group

- Approve additions to the Catalog
- Review and discuss improvements to the GHG emissions Inventory and Forecast

## Next TSI TWG Meeting

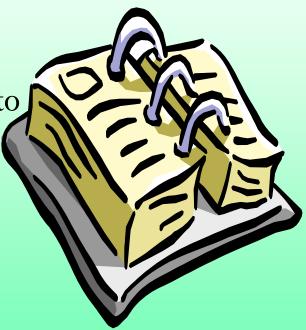
#### • Agenda:

Review/Approve expanded
 Catalog of State Actions

 Review TWG suggested updates to the emissions inventory and projection

Date: Wednesday,
 October 13th

• Time: 1:00pm-3:00pm (PT)



## Public Input, Announcements

## Adjourn